Autonics

Observe all 'Safety Considerations' for safe and proper operation to avoid hazards.

Safety Considerations

• Δ symbol indicates caution due to special circumstances in which hazards may occur

Warning Failure to follow instructions may result in serious injury or death.

- 01. Fail-safe device must be installed when using the unit with machinery that may cause serious injury or substantial economic loss. (e.g. nuclear power control, medical equipment, ships, vehicles, railways, aircraft, combustion apparatus, safety equipment, crime/disaster prevention devices, etc.)
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury, economic loss or fire.
 Do not use the unit in the place where flammable/explosive/corrosive gas, high humidity, direct sunlight, radiant heat, vibration, impact, or salinity may be present.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in explosion or fire.
 03. Do not connect, repair, inspect, or replace the unit while connected to a power source.

Failure to follow this instruction may cause malfunction or danger due to the safetyrelated function that does not operate properly. For more information, please refer to laws, regulations and standards in the country or region.

- **04.** Do not disassemble or modify the unit. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury or fire. In addition, the manufacturer does not guarantee the performance and functionality.
- 05. After 3 seconds of power input, use a machine or mechanical system. Failure to follow this instruction may cause malfunction or danger due to the safety-related function that does not operate properly.
- 06. Responsible person for use is an operator who:
- is fully knowledgeable about the installation, settings, use and maintenance of the product.

- is familiar with the requirements of laws, regulations and standards in the country or region where the product is installed and used. Responsible person for use has an obligation to educate the requirements to machine users. Machine users are persons who have been fully trained by the responsible person for use and can operate the machine correctly. When any error occurs during the operation of the machine control system, they have a responsibility to report it to the responsible person for use immediately. If an unqualified person operates the product, it may result in personal injury, economic

In an unqualities person operates the product, it may resoluting personal injury, economic loss or frie.
 Qualified personnel shall carry out installation, configuration and combination

with the machine control system. If an unqualified person carries out installation, configuration and combination with the

machine control system, it may cause malfunction or result in accidents due to undetected human body. **08. Make sure that only the responsible person uses the keys or tools for**

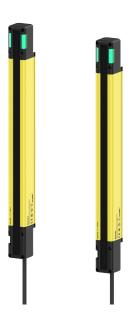
- 08. Make sure that only the responsible person uses the keys or tools for accessing and setting the light curtains.
- Failure to follow this instruction may cause malfunction or result in accidents.
 09. When the machine is not operating after installation, check that functions and settings of the product operate correctly as you intended.
 Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human
- body.
 10. Always make sure that the safety distance between the light curtain and the hazardous part (hazardous zone or hazardous source) of the machine.
 The machine may not stop before an operator reaches the hazardous zone so that it may result in personal injury.
 For more information on the safety distance, please refer to laws, regulations and

standards in the country or region. 11. To access the hazardous part (hazardous zone or hazardous source) of the

- 11. To access the hazardous part (hazardous zone or hazardous source) of the machine, you shall install the light curtain as human body passes through the detection zone. If the hazardous part of the machine is accessible beyond the detection zone, install additional guards. In addition, when working in the hazardous zone, make sure that a part of human body is within the detection zone. If the installation dees not detect the human body, it may result in personal injury.
- 12. Do not arrange or use the light curtain as a reflective or retroreflective type with reflector.
- If the installation does not detect the human body, it may result in personal injury. **13. Do not use the light curtain to detect flying objects toward the detection zone.** If there is a risk, take additional safety measures, such as installing an additional safety quard
- The auxiliary output (AUX) is non-safety output, therefore, do not use it for safety purposes.

purposes. Failure to follow this instruction may result in serious injury because the safety cannot be guaranteed.

Safety Cat. 4, Finger/Hand/Body Detection Safety Light Curtains



SFL / SFLA Series

For your safety, read and follow the considerations written in the instruction manual, other manuals and Autonics website.

The specifications, dimensions, etc. are subject to change without notice for product improvement. Some models may be discontinued without notice.

Features

- \bullet Select the light curtain suitable for the environmental condition with three detection capabilities
- finger, hand, and hand-body
- Variable height for protection: 144 to1868 mm
- Expend up to 4 sets of 400 beams with series connection
- Built-in various safety-related functions to deal with the field conditions interlock, lockout, EDM, muting, override, blanking, and reduced resolution, etc.
- SFLA Series supports various functions via the dedicated software (atLightCurtain)
 Monitoring for real-time incident light level (SFL Series also supports it.)
 Provide a variety of functions to set including automatic setting for muting and blanking zone
- Save setting information of light curtain and apply the same settings to multiple light curtains
 Four mounting brackets (BK-SFL-_, sold separately) support various installation
- environments
- · Select the sensing distance suitable for installation environment: Long or short mode
- · Easy beam adjustment with the indicators at the top and bottom of the light curtain
- · Easy switching NPN or PNP output via switch or dedicated software (atLightCurtain)
- Excellent visibility for the status of the light curtain with 7-segment display
- Built-in self-diagnosis function such as mutual interference prevention and disturbance light detection
- Easy to identify the operating status with the upper OSSD indicator without an additional device
- Four kinds of non-safety outputs for a variety of environmental conditions : AUX 1/2, and Lamp $1\!/\!2$
- The product structure conforms with international safety regulations and standards
 Type 4 ESPE(AOPD), SIL3, SIL CL3, Cat. 4, PL e, CE, UL Listed, S Mark and KCs (some of the models)
- The protection structure of IP65 and IP67 (IEC standard)



- 15. The lamp output (Lamp) is non-safety output, therefore, do not use it for safety purpose Failure to follow this instruction may result in serious injury because the safety cannot be
- guaranteed. 16. Only qualified personnel shall use the PC setting tool (atLightCurtain) to configure functions of light curtain and manage the changed settings. If an unqualified person tries to change settings of function via the PC setting tool, it may cause malfunction or result in personal injury due to undetected human body.
- 17. After setting or changing the function of light curtain via the PC setting tool, check that light curtain operates as you intended.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury.
 18. When installation, if you have changed the configuration of light curtain (replacement of light curtain, change the number of beams, change the number of series connection, etc.), set the function of the light curtain via the PC setting tool again.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to unintended settings. 19. If the (master) receiver has been replaced, send the setting information of PC setting tool to the replaced receiver gain.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to unintended settings Install the devices for releasing Interlock condition (e.g. switch) in a location where the entire hazardous zone can be seen or the devices cannot be handled within the hazardous zone.
- When restarting the machine in interlock condition, make sure that no operators 21 are in the hazardous zone.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human hody 22. Follow the requirements described in this manual for the muting devices and
- installation method to use muting function. For more information, please refer to laws, regulations and standards in the country or region. Failure to follow these requirements, the functions and performance are not guaranteed. It may result in personal injury.
- Install the muting devices in a location that can be changed by only qualified and responsible person for use.
- nange the installation location under the supervision of responsible persor 24. The muting function temporarily stops the safety related functions of light curtain. If the function is activated, take additional safety measures for the safety of the machine control system
- 25. When the muting function is activated, make sure that no operator is in the hazardous zone. Take additional safety measures to prevent the human body from entering the hazardous
- 26. When you need to inform that the muting function is activating, install the
- indicators with any forms (e.g. alarm lamp) where it can be seen from all sites. For more information, please refer to laws, regulations and standards in the country or
- 27. Qualified and responsible person for use should conduct the risk assessment on the time related to the muting function, set the time correctly according to the conditions described in this manual. In particular, set the muting timeout (T2) to a finite value in the PC setting tool. Failure to follow this instruction may cause the function failure of safety related and result n personal injury or fire.
- 28. When you use the auto scan for muting zone via PC setting tool, the OSSD output may temporarily go to ON state due to the operation of line or facilities for scan and measurement. Therefore, safety measures in workplace shall be implemented. If there is a risk, take additional safety measures, such as installing an additional safety Juard
- 29. The installation environment and timing chart shown in the PC setting tool are examples for your understanding. Make sure that the qualified and responsible person for use check the light curtain operates in the actually installed site as intended. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human
- 30. Follow the requirements described in this manual for the devices and installation
- method to use the override function. For more information, please refer to laws, regulations and standards in the country or region. Failure to follow these requirements, the functions and performance are not guaranteed. It may result in personal injury. 31. Connect the override switch to reset input to use the override function.
- Failure to release the override condition with the override switch may result in personal
- 32. The override function temporarily stops the safety related functions of light curtain. Therefore, safety measures in workplace shall be implemented. If the function is activated, take additional safety measures for the safety of the machine control system.
- When the override function is activated, make sure that no operator is in the 33. hazardous zone.

Take additional safety measures to prevent the human body from entering the hazardous

- 34. When you need to inform that the override function is activating, install the indicators with any forms (e.g. alarm lamp) where it can be seen from all sites. For more information, please refer to laws, regulations and standards in the country or regior
- 35. Qualified and responsible person for use should conduct the risk assessment on the time related to the override function, set the time correctly according to the conditions described in this manual. In particular, set the override timeout to a finite value in the PC setting tool. Failure to follow this instruction may cause the function failure of safety related and result

n personal injury or fire.

- 36. After setting the fixed blanking function, check that it operates as intended. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human bodv
- 37. If the tolerance is set for the fixed blanking function, the detection capability will be larger.

Calculate the safety distance suitable for the minimum detection capability to secure minimum safety distance

- 38. If you use the fixed blanking function, conduct additional safety measures to prevent a part of human body from entering the hazardous zone passing by beams for the blanking zone.
- After setting the floating blanking function, check that it operates as intended. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human 39.

40. If the tolerance is set for the floating blanking function, the detection capability will be larger.

Calculate the safety distance suitable for the minimum detection capability to secure minimum safety distance.

- 41. If you use the floating blanking function, conduct additional safety measures to prevent a part of human body from entering the hazardous zone passing by beams for the blanking zone.
- If you use the auto scan function for the fixed and floating blanking zone via the
- PC setting tool, the OSSD output temporarily goes to the OFF state.
 Please note that the operating status of the light curtain may be changed.
 43. If you use the reduced resolution function, the detection capability will be larger.
 Calculate the safety distance suitable for the minimum detection capability to secure minimum safety distance.
- 44. Only qualified and responsible person for use shall use the factory reset via the PC setting tool. Also, check the safety distance and the operation of the light curtain again. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to undetected human
- hody 45. Check 'Connections' before wiring. And make sure that there are no safety problems. Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire.
- 46. When using PNP output, be sure to connect the load between the OSSD output wire and 0V. Do not short the OSSD output wires to +24V. Incorrect wiring or shut down of the power supply is dangerous because the OSSD output s always in ON state.
- When using NPN output, be sure to connect the load between the OSSD output wire and +24V. Do not short the OSSD output wires to 0V. Incorrect wiring or shut down of the power supply is dangerous because the OSSD output is always in ON state
- 48. Use only the two OSSD output wires in this product to construct safety systems, and do not use output signals (e.g. auxiliary output) other than the OSSD output for safety purposes.

When you use only one OSSD output or use other output signal as a safety output, the machine cannot be stopped in the event of a malfunction and result in personal injury due to the safety related function failure.

- 49. When wiring, all input/output wires with double insulation or reinforced insulation should be used between the circuits.
- Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire. 50. Do not install all input/output wires in the same piping with high voltage wire and power line. Failure to follow this instruction may cause malfunction or dangerous due to the safety
- related function do not operate properly. 51. Use a separate power supply for the load and the product, and do not exceed the

specified ratings. Failure to follow this instruction may result in damage or malfunction of the product.

Caution Failure to follow instructions may result in injury or product damage.

- 01. Use the product within the rated specifications.
- ailure to follow this instruction may result in fire or product damage **02.** Use a dry cloth to clean the unit, and do not use water or organic solvent. Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire.
- 03. Use the cable within the rated length and do not modify, change, and extend the cable.

If the cable is longer, it may cause malfunction or dangerous due to the safety related

- function do not operate properly. 04. To use the light curtain in "PSDI mode", configure the appropriate control circuit between the light curtain and the machine according to the requirements of laws, regulations and standards in the country or region.
- 05.
- **Do not use the product outdoors.** Failure to follow this instruction may result in damage and malfunction of the product 06. Keep the product away from metal chip, dust, and wire residue which flow into the unit.

Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to the malfunction of the light curtain

- 07. Be sure for responsible person for use to change the password of PC setting tool to prevent the setting change by the machine users (or operator). Securely manage your password and avoid forgetting the password. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to the malfunction of the light curtain.
- You must conduct regular inspections and maintenance procedures according to 08. the items listed on the "Check and Maintenance" within six months. Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury due to the malfunction of the ight curtain
- 09. Check the installation status, normal operation, breakage, modification, and When starting the safety system for the first time
 When replacing the accessories of the safety system

- When the safety system has not been operated for a long time Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury because the safety-related

function may not work properly due to the malfunction of the product.

Cautions for Installation

For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

- · Install the unit correctly with the usage environment, location, and the designated specifications. Install the light curtain that complies with the following details. - Part(s) of the human body passes through the detection zone to the hazards of the machine
- Install an additional guard if part(s) of the human body access to hazards of the machine without passing through the detection zone
- If an operator works in the hazardous part of the machine, be sure to install the light curtain to detect part(s) of the human body. • You must set the safety distance of the light curtain. Failure to this instruction, the machine cannot be stopped before reaching the hazardous
- part, and it may result in personal injury. The safety distance calculation may differ from laws, regulations, and standards. Therefore, be sure to use the appropriate formula which abides by the rules of the country.
- Install the emitter and the receiver face to each other and adjust the top and bottom beam
- of the light curtain to meet the centerline. Also, the switch settings of the emitter and the receiver must be the same.
- Use a bracket suitable for the mounting method.
- The type and number of brackets differ depending on the length of the light curtain.

Cautions during Use

- Follow instructions in "Cautions during Use". Otherwise, it may cause unexpected accidents.
 The power input of 24VDC= model is insulated and limited voltage/current or supply via
- The power input of 24/DC=model is insulated and innited voltage/current of supply via power supply with SELV and Class 2.
 When supplying power with SMPS, ground the FG terminal and connect the noise suppression capacitor between 0V and FG terminal.
 When installing the light curtain, make sure that the bottom indicators of the emitter and
- receiver are aligned exactly.
- Install the light curtain in a place where the emitter and receiver are not affected by walls or reflecting surfaces. If you use the light curtain as several sets, arrange them not to interfere with each other, or
- install with a shading plate. Do not install the light curtain in place where it is exposed to intense disturbance light (such
- so incert sunlight, sunlight, spotlights fluorescent lights, and etc.) or reflected light from glossary surface is directly incident on the receiver. If it is difficult to install in such a place, take additional safety measures using shading plates, hoods, etc. Failure to follow this instruction may cause malfunction or dangerous due to the safety
- related function do not operate properly. Make sure that any unused wires, when installing the product, should be insulated. Make sure that removable parts (including packing, end caps, product wires, covers, etc.) are properly assembled. Also, tighten the screws with specified tightening torque. Failure to
- follow this instruction may cause product degradation. Assessment of conformity to the required safety level is evaluated for the entire system.
- Please consult with a certified certification body regarding the assessment procedure. It should be done away regarded as an industrial waste. For more information, please refer to
- laws, regulations and standards in the country or region. This product may be used in the following environments.
- Altitude max. 2000 m
- Pollution degree 3
- Installation Category II

Ordering Information

This is only for reference, the actual product does not support all combinations. For selecting the specified model, follow the Autonics website.

SFL 0 0 0

O Type

No-mark: Standard type A: Advanced type

O Detection capability

14: Ø 14 mm, finger 20: Ø 20 mm, hand 30: Ø 30 mm, hand-body

Product Components

Product

Instruction manual

O Number of optical axes

Number: Number of optical axes

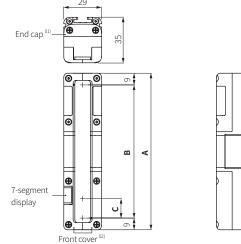
Manual

For proper use of the product, refer to the manuals and be sure to follow the safety considerations in the manuals

Download the manuals from the Autonics website.

Dimensions

- Unit: mm, For the detailed drawings, follow the Autonics website.
 This dimension is based on the SFL(A) 14 model. The appearance varies depending on the detection capability.



When removing the end cap, there is the lamp output terminal (top) or the power supply terminal (bottom). When removing the front cover, there is the setting switch (on the emitter and the receiver) or the PC communication port (on the receiver)

pore (on the receiver)					
Detection capability	Models	Number of beams	A (protective height)	B (sensing height)	C (optical axis pitch)
Ø 14 mm	Standard	15 to 111	144 to 1,008	126 to 990	9
(finger)	Advanced	15 to 199	144 to 1,800	126 to 1,782	9
Ø 20 mm	Standard	12 to 68	183 to 1,023	165 to 1,005	45
(hand)	Advanced	12 to 124	183 to 1,863	165 to 1,845	15
Ø 30 mm	Standard	42 to 75	1,043 to 1,868	1,025 to 1,850	25
(hand-body)	Advanced	9 to 75	218 to 1,868	200 to 1,850	22

Sold Separately

- Power I / O cable : SFL-BCT(R) (connector type), SFL-BCT(R) (cable connector type)
- Connector cable ∶CID8-□T(R) (socket type),
- C1D8-□T(R) (socket-plug type)
- Series connector cable: SFL-EC□T(R) · Lamp output cable: SFL-LC
- SCM-US SFL / SFLA dedicated converter cable

• Bracket: BK-SFL- (Top/Bottom

USB / Serial communication converter

(adjustable), Side (adjustable))

- : EXT-SFL • Test piece: SFL-T□
- LOTO (Lockout-Tagout) device: SFL-LT

Cupatifications

Туре	Standard type					
Models	SFL14-	SFL20-	SFL30-			
Sensing type	Through-beam					
Light source	Infrared LED (855 n					
Effective aperture angle		n the sensing distance is gre	ater than 3 m for both			
(EAA) Sensing distance	emitter and receive					
Sensing distance	Short - Long mode		0.2 += 0.==			
Short mode	0.2 to 5 m	0.2 to 8 m 0.2 to 15 m	0.2 to 8 m 0.2 to 15 m			
Long mode	0.2 to 10 m					
Detection capability Detection object	Ø 14 mm (finger)	Ø 20 mm (hand)	Ø 30 mm (hand-body)			
Number of optical axes ⁰	Opaque object 1) 15 to 111	12 to 68	42 to 75			
Protective height	144 to 1.008 mm	183 to 1.023 mm	1,043 to 1,868 mm			
Optical axis pitch	9 mm	15 mm	25 mm			
Series connection	Max. 3 SET (≤ 300 0		2311111			
Series connection	Max. 5 SET (= 500 (
Туре	Advanced type					
Models	SFLA14-	SFLA20-	SFLA30-			
Sensing type	Through-beam					
Light source	Infrared LED (855 n	m)				
Effective aperture angle		n the sensing distance is gre	ater than 3 m for both			
(EAA)	emitter and receive					
Sensing distance		(setting switch or atLightCu				
Short mode	0.2 to 5 m	0.2 to 8 m	0.2 to 8 m			
Long mode	0.2 to 10 m	0.2 to 15 m	0.2 to 15 m			
Detection capability	Ø 14 mm (finger)	Ø 20 mm (hand)	Ø 30 mm (hand-body)			
Detection object	Opaque object					
Number of optical axes [®]		12 to 124	9 to 75			
Protective height	144 to 1,800 mm	183 to 1,863 mm	218 to 1,868 mm			
Optical axis pitch	9 mm	15 mm	25 mm			
Series connection	Max. 4 SET (≤ 400 c	optical axes)				
1) It may differ depending o	n the models. For more i	information, see the "SFL/SFL4	A User Manual."			
Power supply	24 VDC= ± 20 % (Ri	pple P-P: ≤ 10 %)				
Current consumption ⁰¹⁾	Emitter: ≤ 106 mA, r					
Response time ⁰¹⁾			76.6 ms			
	T_{OFF} (ON \rightarrow OFF): \leq 32.3 ms, T_{ON} (OFF \rightarrow ON): \leq 76.6 ms NPN or PNP open collector					
Safety related output	Load voltage ⁰²⁾ : ON - 1	24 VDC= (except for the resi	idual voltage), OFF - 0 VDC==			
: OSSD output			2 VDC== (except for voltage			
ooob output	drop due to wiring), Load capability: $\leq 2.2 \mu$ F, Leakage current: $\leq 2.0 m$ A, Wire resistance of load: $\leq 2.7 \Omega$					
Auxiliary output	NPN or PNP open co Load voltage: ≤ 24 V	'DC≕, Load current: ≤ 100 i	mA.			
(AUX 1/2) 05)	Residual voltage: ≤ 2	2 VDC== (except for voltage of	drop due to wiring)			
	NPN or PNP open collector					
Lamp output	Load voltage: \leq 24 VDC=, Load current: \leq 300 mA, Residual voltage: \leq 2 VDC= (except for voltage drop due to wiring),					
(LAMP 1/2) ⁰⁵⁾						
(2400 2/2)			drop due to wiring),			
(1710) 1/2/	Incandescent lamp: 24	4 VDC== / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp:				
(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(1)(Incandescent lamp: 24 Reset input, mute 1/2	4 VDC== / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test	drop due to wiring),			
<u> </u>	Incandescent lamp: 24 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou	4 VDC== / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA			
External input	Incandescent lamp: 24 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC, OFF: When setting PNP ou	4 VDC== /3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput : 9 - 24 VDC== or open, short itput	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA 			
<u> </u>	Incandescent lamp: 24 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC, OFF: When setting PNP ou	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput : 9 - 24 VDC==- or open, short	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA 			
External input	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFI Reverse power polari	4 VDC=- / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput 9 - 24 VDC=- or open, short utput F: 0 - 3 VDC=- or open, short ty, reverse output polarity,	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA 			
External input Protection circuit	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput 9 - 24 VDC== or open, short ttput F: 0 - 3 VDC== or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF; When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold)	4 VDC=- / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC=- or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC=- or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting PNP ou ON: 0 - 3 VID C=P. oc When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFI Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC== or open, short fyut F: 0 - 3 VDC== or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ding, floating blanking), redu	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/1 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p	4 VDC=- / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC=- or open, short tput F: 0 - 3 VDC=- or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ding, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, iced resolution			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2- When setting NPN 0. 0N: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF: When setting PNP 0. ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit 0. Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p. Change of sensing di	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, iced resolution			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/2- When setting NPN 0. 0N: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF: When setting PNP 0. ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit 0. Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p. Change of sensing di	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or ission stops), auxiliary outp	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, iced resolution			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or ission stops), auxiliary outp	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution I, PNP,			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ding, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution I, PNP,			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/1 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power: polari output short-circuito Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R ≥ 20MΩ (at 500 VDC	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, wer-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line == megger)	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2),			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type insulation resistance Noise immunity	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/1 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light em lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R ≥ 20MΩ (at 500 VDC ± 240 VDC== the squ	4 VDC=- / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC=- or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC=- or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or isision stops), auxiliary outp ,2) S485 synchronous line == megger) lare wave noise (pulse width	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2),			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength	Incandescent lamp: 2- Reset input, mute 1/1. When setting NPN ou. ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou. ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. Reverse power polari output short-circuito Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1) Timing method by Rt ≥ 20MQ (at 500 VDC= ± 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC~ 50 / 60 H	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test 4 uput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short 4 tput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short 5 v, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or hission stops), auxiliary outp ,2) 5485 synchronous line = megger) are wave noise (pulse width Iz for 1 minute	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution l, PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulatio			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R $\geq 20M\Omega$ (at 500 VDC ± 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC $\sim 50 / 60$ H 0.7 mm double ampli	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test 4 uput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short 4 tput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short 5 v, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or hission stops), auxiliary outp ,2) 5485 synchronous line = megger) are wave noise (pulse width Iz for 1 minute	frop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2),			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R: $\ge 20M\Omega$ (at 500 VDC ± 240 VDC== the squ 1,000 VAC~ 50 / 04 0.7 mm double amplie each X, Y, Z direction	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test 4 uput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short 4 tput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short 5 v, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or hission stops), auxiliary outp ,2) 5485 synchronous line = megger) are wave noise (pulse width Iz for 1 minute	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulatio 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R; $\geq 200M (at 500 VDC)$ $\pm 240 VDC= the squ1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 H0.7 mm double amplieach X, Y, Z direction100 m/s2 (\approx 10 G), pu$	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short tiput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line == megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute tude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y,	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution l, PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R; $\geq 200M (at 500 VDC)$ $\pm 240 VDC= the squ1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 H0.7 mm double amplieach X, Y, Z direction100 m/s2 (\approx 10 G), pu$	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ding, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line == megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute itude at frequency of 10 to 55	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution l, PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver)	$\label{eq:response} \begin{split} & \text{Incandescent lamp:} 2 \\ & \text{Reset input, mute } 1/2 \\ & \text{When setting PNP ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. } \\ & \text{When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. } \\ & \text{When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. } \\ & \text{Reverse power polarioutput short-circuit o} \\ & \text{Interlock (reset hold)} \\ & Self-test, alarm for reemutual interference p Change of sensing direction of the set of the $	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short tiput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line == megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute tude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y,	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution t, (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution y, PNP, but (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulation 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 00 lx			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R 2 200M (at 500 VDC \pm 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 H 0.7 mm double ampli each X, Y, Z direction 100 m/s ² (\approx 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage:	4 VDC≕ / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or ission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line ≕ megger) are wave noise (pulse width tz for 1 minute itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, ≤ 3,000 kx, sunlight: ≤ 10,00	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution I, PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq 4 for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 k condensation)			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient humidity	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC==, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC==, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R 2 200M (at 500 VDC \pm 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 H 0.7 mm double ampli each X, Y, Z direction 100 m/s ² (\approx 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage:	4 VDC= i 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring iducion of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp 2) 5485 synchronous line == megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute itude at frequency of 10 to 55 lise width 16 ms in each X, Y, \leq 3,000 lx, sunlight: \leq 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or of e: 35 to 95 %RH (no freezing	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ced resolution I, PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq 4 for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 k condensation)			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient humidity Protection structure	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/. When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R 2 20MO (at 500 VDC \pm 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 F 0.7 mm double ampli each X, Y, Z direction 100 m/s ² (\approx 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage: 35 to 85 % RH, storage IP65, IP67 (IEC standa	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short typut F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or ission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line = megger) are wave noise (pulse width tz for 1 minute itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, \leq 3,000 k, sunlight: \leq 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or c e: 35 to 95 %RH (no freezing ard) nt cover and sensing part: P	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ceed resolution I, PNP, out (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulation 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 lx condensation) ; or condensation) olymethyl methacrylate,			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength //ibration Shock Ambient illumination receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient humidity Protection structure	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF: When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R 2 200M (at 500 VDC \pm 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC \sim 50 / 60 ,7 mm double ampli each X, Y, Z direction 100 m/s ² (\approx 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage: 35 to 85 %RH, storage IP65, IP67 (IEC standa Case: Aluminum, Fro End cap: polycarbon	4 VDC≕ / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short yer-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line ≕ megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute Itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, ≤ 3,000 k, sunlight: ≤ 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or ce ard) nt cover and sensing part: P ate, Cable: polyurethane (PI	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ceed resolution I, PNP, out (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulation 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 lx condensation) ; or condensation) olymethyl methacrylate,			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient tumidity Protection structure Material	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/. When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF. Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R $\geq 20MO (at 500 VDC$ $\pm 240 VDC= the squ1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 F0.7 mm double amplieach X, Y, Z direction100 m/s2 (\approx 10 G), puIncandescent lamp:-10 to 55 °C, storage:35 to 85 % RH, storageIP65, IP67 (IEC standa$	4 VDC≕ / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short yer-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line ≕ megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute Itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, ≤ 3,000 k, sunlight: ≤ 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or ce ard) nt cover and sensing part: P ate, Cable: polyurethane (PI	drop due to wiring), Load current ≤ 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA -circuit current: ≤ 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, ceed resolution I, PNP, out (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulation 5Hz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 lx condensation) ; or condensation) olymethyl methacrylate,			
<u> </u>	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF. When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R: \geq 200M (at 500 VDC \pm 240 VDC= the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 00, pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage: 35 to 85 %RH, storage IP65, IP67 (IEC stande Case; Aluminum, FC	4 VDC≕ / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC≕ or open, short yer-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or nission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) S485 synchronous line ≕ megger) are wave noise (pulse width lz for 1 minute Itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, ≤ 3,000 k, sunlight: ≤ 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or ce ard) nt cover and sensing part: P ate, Cable: polyurethane (PI	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, out (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq direction for 1,000 times \geq 0 lx condensation) \leq or condensation) \leq or condensation) \leq olymethyl methacrylate, R			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Material Approval International	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN ou ON: 0 - 3 VDC=-, OFF When setting PNP ou ON: 9 - 24 VDC=-, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for ree mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R $\ge 20M\Omega$ (at 500 VDC ± 240 VDC=- the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 F 0.7 mm double ampli each X, Y, 2 direction 100 m/s ² (≈ 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage: 35 to 85 %RH, storag JP65, IPF3 (JEC standa Case: Aluminum, Fro End cap: polycarbon u UL 508, CSA C22.2 e, Cat. 4), UL 61496	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test itput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short itput F: 0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu Juction of incident light level revention stance, switching to NPN or ission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line == megger) are wave noise (pulse width iz for 1 minute itude at frequency of 10 to 55 ulse width 16 ms in each X, Y, ≤ 3,000 lx, sunlight: ≤ 10,00 -20 to 70 °C (no freezing or c e: 35 to 95 %RH (no freezing ard) nt cover and sensing part: P ate, Cable: polyurethane (PI $V_{B}^{\bullet,00}$ No. 14, ISO 13849-1 (PL e i-1 (Type 4, ESPE), UL 614	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), : 1µs) by the noise simulation SHz (for 1 min), 20 sweeps in Z direction for 1,000 times 20 lx condensation) ; or condensation) i or condensation) olymethyl methacrylate, JR , Cat. 4), ISO 13849-2 (PL 196-2 (Type 4, AOPDs),			
External input Protection circuit Safety-related functions General functions Others functions Others functions Synchronization type Insulation resistance Noise immunity Dielectric strength Vibration Shock Ambient illumination (receiver) Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Material Approval	Incandescent lamp: 2 Reset input, mute 1/2 When setting NPN oc ON: 0 - 3 VDC=, OFF: When setting PNP oc ON: 9 - 24 VDC=, OFF Reverse power polari output short-circuit o Interlock (reset hold) Blanking (fixed blank Self-test, alarm for rec mutual interference p Change of sensing di external test (light en lamp output (LAMP1 Timing method by R; $\geq 200M (at 500 VDC$ $\pm 240 VDC=$ the squ 1,000 VAC ~ 50 / 60 F 0.7 mm double ampli each X, Y, Z direction 100 m/s ² (≈ 10 G), pu Incandescent lamp: -10 to 55 °C, storage: 35 to 85 % RH, storage 1P65, IP67 (IEC standat Case: Aluminum, Fro End cap: polycarbon Sec (a)-40, UL 61496E IEC/EN 61496-1 (Ty	4 VDC= / 3 to 7 W, LED lamp: 2 input, EDM, external test utput 9 - 24 VDC= or open, short tput F0 - 3 VDC= or open, short ty, reverse output polarity, ver-current protection , external device monitoring ing, floating blanking), redu duction of incident light level prevention stance, switching to NPN or hission stops), auxiliary outp , 2) 5485 synchronous line =	drop due to wiring), Load current \leq 50 to 300 mA t-circuit current: \leq 3 mA -circuit current: \leq 3 mA (EDM), muting/override, (ced resolution , PNP, put (AUX 1, 2), \leq 1µs) by the noise simulation \leq direction for 1,000 times \geq 0 lx condensation) \leq or condensation) \leq or condensation) \leq or condensation) \leq 0 lx \leq 0 ly \leq 0 ly			

03) Be sure that the load current should be greater than 6 mA.

04) The residual voltage was drawn with 300 mA of load current. 05) It is the non-safety output. Do not use it for safety purposes

06) In case of the KCs certified model, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

Setting Switch

No.	Function	Settings (marks in th	ne sticker)
NO.	Function	ON	OFF (factory default)
1	NPN or PNP	NPN	PNP
2	Sensing distance	Short mode (S)	Long mode (L)
3	Frequency	Frequency B (FREQ B)	Frequency A (FREQ A)
4	Reset-hold	Reset-hold (R-H)	Deactivated (OFF)
5	Interlock	Manual reset (MAN)	Auto reset (AUTO)
6	EDM	EDM	Deactivated (OFF)
7	Muting	MUTE	Deactivated (OFF)
8	Apply settings	atLightCurtain (PC)	Setting switch (SW)

• Remove the front cover of the light curtain and set functions via the setting switch.

• Be sure to select the same settings of emitter and receiver. (factory defaults: OFF)

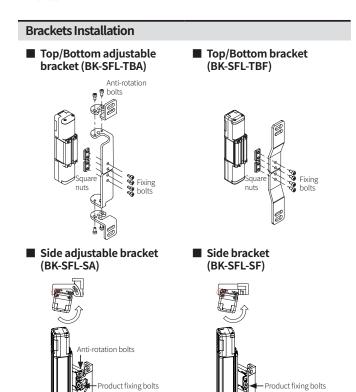
• For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

7-segment Display

Operation	Position	Display		Description		
	PC connection (download)	Ρ	Flashing	Flashes when downloading the setting information.		
Emitter/ Receiver	Communication error	٢	Flashing	Flashes when RS485 communication error occurs.		
	Error condition	Ε	Flashing	Flashes when entering the lockout condition.		
	Warning condition	R	Flashing	Flashes when in a warning condition.		
	Default condition	0	ON	Displays when function is deactivated.		
	Blanking	Ь	ON	Displays when the blanking function is activated.		
	Muting	ñ	ON	Displays when in the muting state.		
Emitter	Override	o	ON	Displays when in the override state.		
	Reset-hold	Н	ON	Displays when waiting for reset-hold input.		
	Reduced resolution	r	ON	Displays when the reduced resolution function is activated.		
Receiver	Light incident	0 to 9	ON	Displays the sensitivity level of beams with the lowest light incident (0 to 9).		

This table shows the display during operation.

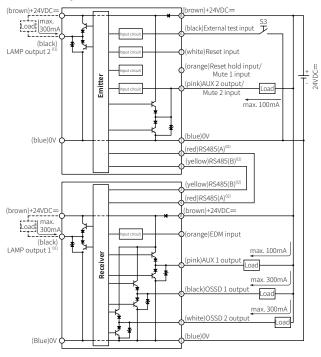
 For more information on the display of power on and error condition, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."



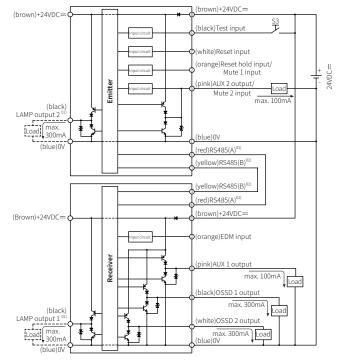
Example of Wiring Diagram

The wiring varies depending on the functions you use. For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual." If there is a potential malfunction due to noise, combine a protection circuit to the input wiring, or connect a device with a protection circuit and apply the signal.

NPN output



PNP output



01) This wiring is used to activated the lamp output and displays the status to the external indicator based on selected output mode. 02) RS485(A) and RS485(B) are for the synchronous line.

• Tigh	ten the product f	ixing bolts with a torque of 0.98 N m.
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• The type and number of brackets differ depending on the length of the light curtain.

Length	Max. 1 m	Min. 1 m
Top/Bottom adjustable bracket	2	Unavailable
Top/Bottom bracket Side adjustable bracket	2	2
Side bracket	2	3

• For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

Check and Maintenance

You must conduct regular inspections within six months, according to the items listed on the checklist. Or it may result in personal injury due to the malfunction of the light curtain. The checklist before the installation is the table below. For the checklist after the installation, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

Check installation conditions

No.	Checklist	Check			
1	Installed that the machine or additional safety measures (e.g., extra guards) do not cover the detection zone.				
2	Accessible to hazardous zone or source of the machine only by passing through the detection zone.				
3	Available to detect parts of the body when the operator works in hazardous zone or source of the machine.				
4	The distance from hazardous zone or source of the machine to the installed location of light curtain is equal to, or greater than the calculated safety distance. ** Safety distance: ()mm / Actual distance: ()mm				
5	If lustered objects or reflective surfaces are around, the light curtain is installed at a distance over the allowable installation distance.				
6	Installed in a place without the influence of inverter disturbance light (e.g., a fluorescent lamp).				
7	Installed in a place that no material causes deformation in a front window, such as corrosion or ignition.				
8	In use of the interlock function, the reset switch is installed in a position where the entire hazardous zone is visible and cannot be used in the hazardous zone.				
9	In use of the reset hold function, the reset hold switch is installed in a position that cannot be used in the hazardous zone.				
10	The installed emitter/receiver in a single or series connection matches the same specification (function, detection capability, number of optical axes).				
11	In case of the brackets, it is secured to prevent separation during use.				
12	No scratches or damages on the front window of the emitter/receiver.				
13	In use of the muting function, the muting sensors consist of two separate devices.				
14	In use of the muting function, the muting sensor meets the specific conditions to start muting.				
15	In use of the override function, the override starts when the specific conditions are met.				
16	In use of the muting and override functions, install the indicators with any forms (e.g., alarm lamp) where it can be seen from all sites.				
17	In use of the fixed blanking function, it is set to prevent the operator from entering the blanking zone.				
18	In use of the floating blanking or reduced resolution function, the installed light curtain has a distance that equal to or greater than a safety distance calculated by the changed detection capability (diameter). % Safety distance: ()mm / Actual distance: ()mm				

Check wiring connection

No.	Checklist	Check
1	The power supply used for the product and safety-related devices (e.g., muting sensors) is 24VDC≕, and it meets the rated specifications and not connected to other devices or equipment.	
2	When connecting power supply, the polarity is not connected in reverse.	
3	The appearance of the wires connected to the product is not damaged, such as cracks, breakage of the outer shell. And there are no sources for damage around the wiring.	
4	In case of connecting more than two products, it is configured to use dedicated series connection cable and mutual interference prevention.	
5	In case of the series connection for more than two products, use dedicated series connection cable, and it is configured not to be extended or arbitrarily connected.	
6	The wiring is suitable for each application and is configured not to be connected upper side of the product (e.g., wiring for the series connection cable and lamp output cable) and the lower side of the product (e.g., the power I/O cable) in reverse.	
7	The wiring and end cap connected to the product are firmly secured to prevent separation during use.	
8	The product is connected to the safety-related part of the control system using two OSSD control outputs and configures the safety system.	
9	In case of the product is set to PNP output, two OSSD wires are not shorted to +24V.	
10	In case of the product is set to PNP output, the load connected to two OSSD wires is connected between the OSSD wire and 0V.	
11	In case of the product is set to NPN output, two OSSD wires are not shorted to 0V.	
12	In case of the product is set to NPN output, the load connected to two OSSD wires is connected between the OSSD wire and +24V.	
13	In case of the auxiliary output (AUX 1/2, Lamp 1/2), it is configured to prevent the connection to the safety-related part of the control system.	

Software

Download the installation file and the manuals from the Autonics website.

atLightCurtain

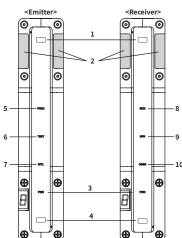
It is that provides configuration and monitoring of light curtain.

In case of SFL (Standard type), only monitoring function is supported, and in case of SFLA (advanced type), all functions such as parameter setting are available.

Unit Descriptions

The appearance may vary depending on the detection capability. For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

Front part



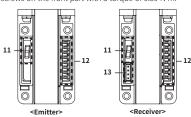
Position	Indica	tor	Color	Operation	Description
		1. Top beam	Blue	ON	Top beam is clear (≥ incident light level 30 %)
	-			Flashing	Top beam is unstable (incident light level: 15 to 35 % ⁰¹⁾)
		indicator		OFF	Top beam is blocked (≤ incident light level 15 %)
			Red	Flashing	Interruption of disturbance light
			Green	ON	OSSD is ON
		2. Upper OSSD	Green	Flashing	Muting or override function is activated.
	-	indicator	Red	ON	OSSD is OFF
Emitter/			Reu	Flashing	Enter lockout condition
Receiver				ON	Normal operation
	PWR	3. Power/Lockout	Green	Flashing	Warning condition
	PVVK	indicator		OFF	No power
			Red	Flashing	Power on, enter lockout condition (22)
	-	4. Bottom beam indicator	Blue	ON	Bottom beam is clear (≥ incident light level 30 %)
				Flashing	Bottom beam is unstable (incident light level: 15 to 35 % ⁰¹⁾)
				OFF	Bottom beam is blocked (≤ incident light level 15 %)
			Red	Flashing	Interruption of disturbance light
	FDFO	5. Frequency	C	ON	Set frequency B
	FREQ	indicator	Green	OFF	Set frequency A
	TEST	6. External test	C	ON	External test input is ON state.
Emitter	TEST	indicator	Green	OFF	External test input is OFF state.
				ON	Interlock condition
	INTL	7. Interlock indicator	Yellow	Flashing	Reset-hold condition
		indicator		OFF	Release interlock condition
				ON	EDM input is ON state.
	FDM	8. EDM indicatior	Green	Flashing	EDM error 02)
			Sicci	OFF	EDM input is OFF state or EDM is deactivated.
Receiver	NPN	9. NPN/PNP	Green	ON	NPN output
	INPIN	indicator	Green	OFF	PNP output
	0000	10. OSSD	Green	ON	OSSD is ON
	OSSD	indicator	Red	ON	OSSD is OFF

01) It flashes if the amount of received light on the top or bottom beam decreases less than from 15 to 35%, and lasts for more than 30 minutes.

02) The light curtain enters the lockout condition. For more information on error and warnings, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

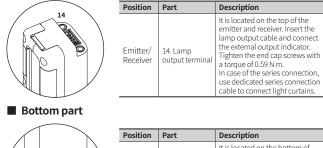
Front part - When removing the cover

Tighten the cover screws on the front part with a torque of 0.59 N m.



Position	Part	Description	
Emitter/	11. 7-segment display	It shows the status of light curtain.	
Receiver	12. Setting switch	You can set the function.	
Receiver	13. PC communication port	Insert the SFL / SFLA dedicated converter cable (EXT- SFL) and connect to the USB / Serial communication converter (SCM-US, sold separately).	

Upper part



Emitter/

Receiver

It is located on the bottom of the emitter and receiver. Insert the power I/O cable for power supply. Tighten the end cap screws with a torque of 0.59 N m. In case of the series connection, supply terminal use dedicated series connection cable to connect light curtains.

IEC 61508 Parameters

Parameters	Explanation
Proof test interval	20 years
PFH _D (Probability of dangerous failure per hour)	1.01×10 ⁻⁸ to 9.95×10 ⁻⁹
SFF (Safe failure fraction)	99 %
HFT (Hardware fault tolerance)	1
Type of element	Туре В
Failure response time	Within a response time
Safe state	OSSD 1/2 are in OFF-state

15 Power

■ Finger detection (SFL(A)14-□, Ø 14 mm)

SFL Series	SFLA Series	PFH _D	MTTFd (years)
SFL14-15	SFLA14-15	2.87×10 ⁻⁹	455
SFL14-23	SFLA14-23	3.86×10 ⁻⁹	327
SFL14-31	SFLA14-31	4.40×10 ⁻⁹	283
SFL14-39	SFLA14-39	5.07×10 ⁻⁹	242
SFL14-47	SFLA14-47	5.62×10 ⁻⁹	217
SFL14-55	SFLA14-55	6.29×10 ⁻⁹	192
SFL14-63	SFLA14-63	6.84×10 ⁻⁹	176
SFL14-71	SFLA14-71	7.51×10 ⁻⁹	160
SFL14-79	SFLA14-79	8.06×10 ⁻⁹	148
SFL14-87	SFLA14-87	8.73×10 ⁻⁹	136
SFL14-95	SFLA14-95	9.28×10 ⁻⁹	128
SFL14-103	SFLA14-103	9.95×10 ⁻⁹	119
SFL14-111	SFLA14-111	1.05×10 ⁻⁸	113
	SFLA14-119	1.12×10 ⁻⁸	106
	SFLA14-127	1.17×10 ⁻⁸	101
	SFLA14-135	1.24×10 ⁻⁸	95
	SFLA14-143	1.29×10 ⁻⁸	91
	SFLA14-151	1.36×10 ⁻⁸	86
_	SFLA14-159	1.42×10 ⁻⁸	83
	SFLA14-167	1.48×10 ⁻⁸	79
	SFLA14-175	1.54×10 ⁻⁸	76
	SFLA14-183	1.60×10 ⁻⁸	73
	SFLA14-191	1.66×10 ⁻⁸	70
	SFLA14-199	1.73×10 ⁻⁸	68

SFL20-12 SFLA20-12 3.23×10⁻¹ 398 SFL20-16 SFLA20-16 3.55×10⁻¹ 358 SFL20-20 SFLA20-20 4.00×10^{-9} 314 SFL20-24 SFLA20-24 4.31×10⁻⁹ 289 SFL20-28 SFLA20-28 4.76×10^{-9} 260 SFL20-32 SFLA20-32 5.08×10⁻⁴ 242 SFL20-36 SFLA20-36 5.53×10⁻⁹ 221 SFL20-40 5.85×10⁻⁹ SFLA20-40 208 SFL20-44 SFLA20-44 6.29×10⁻⁹ 193 SFL20-48 6.61×10⁻⁹ 183 SFLA20-48 SFL20-52 SFLA20-52 7.06×10⁻⁴ 171 SFL20-56 SFLA20-56 7.38×10⁻⁹ 163 SFL20-60 SFLA20-60 7.82×10⁻⁹ 153 SFL20-64 SFLA20-64 8.14×10^{-9} 147 SFL20-68 SFLA20-68 8.59×10⁻⁹ 139 SFLA20-72 8.91×10^{-9} 134 SFLA20-76 9.35×10⁻⁹ 127 SFLA20-80 9.67×10⁻⁹ 123 1.01×10⁻⁸ 117 SFLA20-84 SFLA20-88 1.04×10⁻⁸ 113 SFLA20-92 1.09×10^{-1} 109 SFLA20-96 1.12×10⁻⁸ 105 SFLA20-100 1.16×10^{-8} 101 1.20×10⁻⁸ SFLA20-104 98 SFLA20-108 1.24×10⁻⁸ 95 1.27×10⁻⁸ SFLA20-112 92

■ Hand-Body detection (SFL(A)30-□, Ø 30 mm)

SFLA20-116

SELA20-120

SFLA20-124

SFL Series	SFLA Series	PFH₀	MTTFd (years)
	SFLA30-9	3.06×10-9	423
	SFLA30-12	3.32×10-9	386
	SFLA30-15	3.71×10-9	341
	SFLA30-18	3.97×10-9	316
	SFLA30-21	4.36×10-9	285
_	SFLA30-24	4.63×10-9	268
	SFLA30-27	5.02×10-9	245
	SFLA30-30 ⁰¹⁾	5.28×10-9	232
	SFLA30-33	5.67×10-9	215
	SFLA30-36 01)	5.93×10-9	205
	SFLA30-39 01)	6.32×10-9	192
SFL30-42	SFLA30-42	6.58×10-9	184
SFL30-45	SFLA30-45	6.97×10-9	173
SFL30-48	SFLA30-48	7.23×10-9	166
SFL30-51	SFLA30-51	7.62×10-9	157
SFL30-54	SFLA30-54	7.88×10-9	152
SFL30-57	SFLA30-57	8.27×10-9	144
SFL30-60	SFLA30-60	8.54×10-9	140
SFL30-63	SFLA30-63	8.93×10-9	133
SFL30-66	SFLA30-66	9.19×10-9	129
SFL30-69	SFLA30-69	9.58×10-9	124
SFL30-72	SFLA30-72	9.84×10-9	120
SFL30-75	SFLA30-75	1.02×10-8	116

 1.32×10^{-8}

1.35×10⁻⁸

1.39×10⁻¹

89

87

84

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■ Hand detection (SFL(A)20-□, Ø 20 mm) SFLA Series

PFH_D

MTTFd (years)

SFL Series

Response Time / Current Consumption

Response time is based on when the switch is factory settings. The time may differ if the setting is changed.

- TOFF (ON \rightarrow OFF): Time when OSSD output is switched from ON to OFF state
- TON (OFF \rightarrow ON): Time when OSSD output is switched from OFF to ON state

To calculate the response time in series connection, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

■ Finger detection (SFL(A)14-□, Ø 14 mm)

		Response t	ime (ms)	Current co	Current consumption (mA)	
SFL Series	SFLA Series	TOFF	T _{on}	Emitter	Receiver	
SFL14-15	SFLA14-15	8.7 ms	18.1 ms	69 mA	94 mA	
SFL14-23	SFLA14-23	9.7 ms	20.6 ms	71 mA	97 mA	
SFL14-31	SFLA14-31	10.7 ms	23.1 ms	72 mA	101 mA	
SFL14-39	SFLA14-39	11.7 ms	25.6 ms	74 mA	105 mA	
SFL14-47	SFLA14-47	12.8 ms	28.1 ms	76 mA	109 mA	
SFL14-55	SFLA14-55	13.8 ms	30.6 ms	77 mA	113 mA	
SFL14-63	SFLA14-63	14.8 ms	33.2 ms	79 mA	116 mA	
SFL14-71	SFLA14-71	15.8 ms	35.7 ms	80 mA	120 mA	
SFL14-79	SFLA14-79	16.9 ms	38.2 ms	82 mA	124 mA	
SFL14-87	SFLA14-87	17.9 ms	40.7 ms	84 mA	128 mA	
SFL14-95	SFLA14-95	18.9 ms	43.2 ms	85 mA	132 mA	
SFL14-103	SFLA14-103	19.9 ms	45.7 ms	87 mA	135 mA	
SFL14-111	SFLA14-111	20.9 ms	48.3 ms	88 mA	139 mA	
	SFLA14-119	22.0 ms	50.8 ms	90 mA	143 mA	
	SFLA14-127	23.0 ms	53.3 ms	92 mA	147 mA	
	SFLA14-135	24.0 ms	55.8 ms	93 mA	151 mA	
	SFLA14-143	25.0 ms	58.3 ms	95 mA	154 mA	
	SFLA14-151	26.1 ms	60.8 ms	96 mA	158 mA	
_	SFLA14-159	27.1 ms	63.3 ms	98 mA	162 mA	
	SFLA14-167	28.1 ms	65.9 ms	100 mA	166 mA	
	SFLA14-175	29.1 ms	68.4 ms	101 mA	170 mA	
	SFLA14-183	30.1 ms	70.9 ms	103 mA	173 mA	
	SFLA14-191	31.2 ms	73.4 ms	104 mA	177 mA	
	SFLA14-199	32.2 ms	75.9 ms	106 mA	181 mA	

■ Hand detection (SFL(A)20-□, Ø 20 mm)

CEL Carrie	CELA Carrie	Response t	ime (ms)	Current co	nsumption (mA)
SFL Series	SFLA Series	TOFF	T _{on}	Emitter	Receiver
SFL20-12	SFLA20-12	9.3 ms	19.7 ms	64 mA	91 mA
SFL20-16	SFLA20-16	10.1 ms	21.7 ms	65 mA	93 mA
SFL20-20	SFLA20-20	11.0 ms	23.8 ms	67 mA	95 mA
SFL20-24	SFLA20-24	11.8 ms	25.8 ms	68 mA	97 mA
SFL20-28	SFLA20-28	12.6 ms	27.8 ms	69 mA	99 mA
SFL20-32	SFLA20-32	13.4 ms	29.9 ms	70 mA	102 mA
SFL20-36	SFLA20-36	14.2 ms	31.9 ms	71 mA	104 mA
SFL20-40	SFLA20-40	15.1 ms	33.9 ms	72 mA	106 mA
SFL20-44	SFLA20-44	15.9 ms	36.0 ms	73 mA	108 mA
SFL20-48	SFLA20-48	16.7 ms	38.0 ms	74 mA	110 mA
SFL20-52	SFLA20-52	17.5 ms	40.0 ms	75 mA	113 mA
SFL20-56	SFLA20-56	18.4 ms	42.1 ms	76 mA	115 mA
SFL20-60	SFLA20-60	19.2 ms	44.1 ms	78 mA	117 mA
SFL20-64	SFLA20-64	20.0 ms	46.1 ms	79 mA	119 mA
SFL20-68	SFLA20-68	20.8 ms	48.2 ms	80 mA	121 mA
	SFLA20-72	21.6 ms	50.2 ms	81 mA	124 mA
	SFLA20-76	22.5 ms	52.2 ms	82 mA	126 mA
	SFLA20-80	23.3 ms	54.3 ms	83 mA	128 mA
	SFLA20-84	24.1 ms	56.3 ms	84 mA	130 mA
	SFLA20-88	24.9 ms	58.3 ms	85 mA	132 mA
	SFLA20-92	25.7 ms	60.4 ms	86 mA	135 mA
	SFLA20-96	26.6 ms	62.4 ms	87 mA	137 mA
_	SFLA20-100	27.4 ms	64.4 ms	89 mA	139 mA
	SFLA20-104	28.2 ms	66.5 ms	90 mA	141 mA
	SFLA20-108	29.0 ms	68.5 ms	91 mA	143 mA
	SFLA20-112	29.8 ms	70.5 ms	92 mA	146 mA
	SFLA20-116	30.7 ms	72.6 ms	93 mA	148 mA
	SFLA20-120	31.5 ms	74.6 ms	94 mA	150 mA
	SFLA20-124	32.3 ms	76.6 ms	95 mA	152 mA

■ Hand-Body detection (SFL(A)30-□, Ø 30 mm)

CEL Corios	SFLA Series	Response	time (ms)	Current co	Current consumption (m	
SFL Series	SFLA Series	TOFF	T _{on}	Emitter	Receiver	
\	SFLA30-9	8.8 ms	18.5 ms	64 mA	91 mA	
\backslash	SFLA30-12	9.5 ms	20.1 ms	65 mA	93 mA	
	SFLA30-15	10.1 ms	21.7 ms	67 mA	95 mA	
	SFLA30-18	10.8 ms	23.4 ms	68 mA	97 mA	
	SFLA30-21	11.4 ms	25.0 ms	69 mA	99 mA	
	SFLA30-24	12.1 ms	26.6 ms	70 mA	102 mA	
	SFLA30-27	12.7 ms	28.2 ms	71 mA	104 mA	
	SFLA30-30 ⁰¹⁾	13.4 ms	29.8 ms	72 mA	106 mA	
\setminus	SFLA30-33	14.0 ms	31.4 ms	73 mA	108 mA	
\setminus	SFLA30-36 01)	14.7 ms	33.0 ms	74 mA	110 mA	
	SFLA30-39 01)	15.3 ms	34.6 ms	75 mA	113 mA	
SFL30-42	SFLA30-42	16.0 ms	36.2 ms	76 mA	115 mA	
SFL30-45	SFLA30-45	16.6 ms	37.8 ms	78 mA	117 mA	
SFL30-48	SFLA30-48	17.3 ms	39.4 ms	79 mA	119 mA	
SFL30-51	SFLA30-51	17.9 ms	41.1 ms	80 mA	121 mA	
SFL30-54	SFLA30-54	18.6 ms	42.7 ms	81 mA	124 mA	
SFL30-57	SFLA30-57	19.2 ms	44.3 ms	82 mA	126 mA	
SFL30-60	SFLA30-60	19.9 ms	45.9 ms	83 mA	128 mA	
SFL30-63	SFLA30-63	20.5 ms	47.5 ms	84 mA	130 mA	
SFL30-66	SFLA30-66	21.2 ms	49.1 ms	85 mA	132 mA	
SFL30-69	SFLA30-69	21.8 ms	50.7 ms	86 mA	135 mA	
SFL30-72	SFLA30-72	22.5 ms	52.3 ms	87 mA	137 mA	
SFL30-75	SFLA30-75	23.1 ms	53.9 ms	89 mA	139 mA	

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Functions

Safety-related functions

Interlock

Interlock is safety-related function, when OSSD output is switched to OFF state due to power on or, blocked beams or an error occurs during operation, keeping its OFF state when the beams are clear or the error is fixed. The interlock is reset by auto-reset or manual reset.

Lockout reset

Lockout means that if an error occurs during self-test or operation, OSSD output goes to OFF state within the response time and maintains it.

After fixing the cause of the error, power on again or apply the reset input for more than 1 second. Then the light curtain performs self-test. If there is no error after the test, the lockout condition is released.

Depending on the cause of the error, the lockout condition may not be released. If the lockout condition is not released by the reset input, power on again.

• External Device Monitoring (EDM)

This function monitors the state of external devices (e.g. safety relay, connectors, etc) connected to the OSSD output.

• Muting

In the muting condition, the OSSD output maintains ON state regardless of the object in the muting zone. You can set the muting zone as an entire or part of the detection zone.

• Override

Muting function ends due to the muting conditions, and OSSD outputs go to OFF, but resulting in an object in the detection zone. The override function is used to clear the detection zone; the OSSD outputs are switched to ON, and it deliberately removes the object.

• Blanking

If an attached or fixed object is in the detection zone, resulting in the OFF state of OSSD continuously, you can set the blocked beams as a blanking zone. The blanking function will not detect an object and allows the OSSD output to be maintained ON state.

You can use the fixed blanking function when a fixed object or materials continuously blocks certain beams of the light curtain. If the location of a moving object is changing, use the floating blanking function.

• Reduced resolution

Reduced resolution is a function that changes the detection capability of the light curtain. Even if the light curtain is blocked by the moving objects with a diameter smaller than the changed detection capability are ignored in the detection zone, resulting in the OSSD output is maintained ON state. The number of ignored beams can be set from 1 to 3 beams.

General functions

Self-test

This function diagnoses an internal error of the light curtain.

Self-test is performed once within 2 seconds when power is on. Periodic self-test is performed during operation; it completes within the response time. The error is displayed on the status indicators and 7-segment LEDs.

• Alarm for incident light level

The received signal is divided into three areas (stable light ON, unstable light ON, and stable light OFF) based on the light incident level as follows.

The light incident level determines either OSSD output is ON or OFF and the OSSD indicators display the condition. And 7-segment indicator displays the level of the lowest light receiving beam (0 to 9 levels). The amount of received light may decrease due to the product distortion or long-term use. If the amount of received light, even one beam, decreases less than from 15 to 35% and lasts for more than 30 minutes, the alarm for the sensitivity reduction occurs.

Mutual interference prevention

When you install more than two products, there is a risk of mutual interference. Change the frequency to prevent this interference. Change to frequency A or B using setting switch or atLightCurtain. If you change the frequency, the response time may be changed and affect original response time.

Other functions

Series connection

If you need to extend the detection zone, connect the light curtains via series connection cable to use two or more emitter and receivers as one product.

It can be extended up to max. 3 sets / 300 beams for SFL and up to max. 4 sets / 400 beams for SFLA. The operation and control of light curtains in series connection are synchronized with the settings of the master. For example, if any light curtain is blocked, the OSSD outputs of all light curtains are switched to OFF state.

· Change sensing distance

It is the function to change the sensing distance to meet installation environment.

in you change the sensing distance, there is an effect to mutual interference.				
Mode	Detection capability	Sensing distance		
Short mode	Ø 14 mm (Finger)	0.2 to 5 m		
Short mode	Ø 20 mm (Hand), Ø 30 mm (Hand-Body)	0.2 to 8 m		
Long mode	Ø 14 mm (Finger)	0.2 to 10 m		
Long mode	Ø 20 mm (Hand), Ø 30 mm (Hand-Body)	0.2 to 15 m		

• Set NPN or PNP

You can set input/output of OSSD, auxiliary output (AUX 1, 2), and lamp output (Lamp 1/2). The ON or OFF state of input is determined by the output polarity.

• External test (stop transmission)

The external test is a function for; When the test signal is applied from the outside of the light curtain, it forcibly stops light emission and checks whether the safety system stops correctly. If the light emission stops, the light curtain is blocked, resulting in OSSD output is switched to the OFF state until the test input is released. The emitter operates again when the test input is released. If the restarted interlock is activated, entering interlock condition.

If the restarted interlock is activated, entering interlock condition.

+ Non-safety output (auxiliary output, AUX 1 / 2)

The auxiliary output is an optional output for monitoring the status of the light curtain. It is provided at the bottom of the emitter and receiver.

Do not use the auxiliary output for safety purposes. This output cannot be deactivated.

Non-safety output (lamp output, LAMP 1 / 2)

The lamp output is an optional output for monitoring the status of light curtain such as shortcircuit, and disconnection of the load, damage and overcurrent. It is provided at the top of the emitter and receiver. After removing the end cap, the dedicated cable can be cconnected. Do not use the lamp output for safety purposes. To activate the lamp output, you must remove the end cap.

Combination of functions

	Interlock	Reset- hold	EDM	Muting	Override	Fixed blanking	Floating blanking	Reduced Resolution
Interlock		O ⁰¹⁾	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reset-hold	O ⁰¹⁾	-	0	× ⁰²⁾	× ⁰²⁾	× ⁰³⁾	× ⁰³⁾	0
EDM	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0
Mution	0	× ⁰²⁾	0	-	0	O ⁰⁴⁾	O ⁰⁴⁾	×
Override	0	× ⁰²⁾	0	0	-	0	0	×
Fixed blanking	0	× ⁰³⁾	0	O ⁰⁴⁾	0	-	O ⁰⁵⁾	×
Floating blanking	0	× ⁰³⁾	0	O ⁰⁴⁾	0	O ⁰⁵⁾	-	×
Reduced Resolution	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	-

01) The reset-hold function is available only when the manual reset is activated.

02) The auxiliary output of emitter (AUX2) and reset-hold functions are not available when the muting or override is activated.

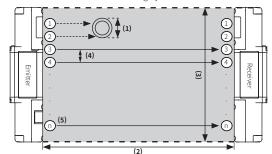
03) The functional combination of the reset-hold with fixed blanking and floating blanking is unavailable

04) Both the muting zone and blanking zone can be set simultaneously.

05) Both Functions, fixed blanking and floating blanking, are simultaneously configurable, but a zone where the two functions overlap cannot be set.

Glossary

*The gray area is the detection zone.



(1) Detection capability

: The minimum diameter of the detectable cylindrical object (mm).

: The maximum distance between the emitter and receiver that can detect an object with the minimum detection capability.

(3) Protective height

: The height at which the minimum detection object can be detected in the direction of the optical axis.

(4) Optical axis pitch: Distance between the optical axis and the next optical axis (mm).(5) Number of beams

: Number of optical axes that consist of the emitter and receiver. (same as emitter and receiver)

How to Install and Adjust Your Light Curtain

Install

O1. Place the bracket in the position where the light curtain will be installed and install the emitter and the receiver face to each other.
 Use suitable brackets meeting each method of mounting.
 The type and number of brackets differ depending on the length of the light

The type and number of brackets differ depending on the length of the light curtain.

02. Power on the light curtain.

03. Adjust the top and bottom beam of the light curtain to meet the centerline. If the top and bottom beams are aligned, the indicator lights up. You can monitor the light incident level via atLightCurtain.

- 04. If all beams are clear, tighten the bracket screws to fix it.
- If the beams are unstable because the beams are not completely aligned, the top beam and bottom beam indicators flash every 1 second. If the beams are blocked, the indicators light off.
- Do not install the light curtain in a place that is exposed directly to fluorescent lamps operating with a quick start or high frequency.

Safety distance

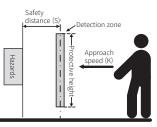
A safety distance is a minimum distance that a machine stops before the human or object approaches to hazards.

If you do not consider the safety distance when installing the light curtain, the machine may not stop before the human reaches hazards so that it may result in personal injury. The safety distance calculation may differ from laws, regulations, and standards. Therefore, be sure to use the appropriate formula which abides by the rules of the country.

Safety distance according to ISO 13855 (EN ISO 13855, KS C 13855) (basic formula)

 $S = K \times T + C$

- Safety distance (S)
- : minimum distance from the detection zone to the hazards
- Approach speed (K)
- The human approach speed in the detection zone
- The total stopping time of entire system
 (T): T=t1+t2
- (t1: the produect response time,
- t2: response time of the safety system) • Additional distance(C)
- Additional distance calculated from the detection capability

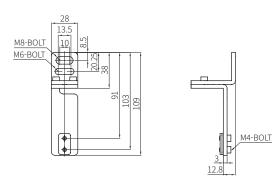


Sold Separately: Brackets

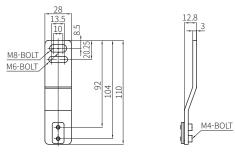
Unit: mm, For the detailed dimensions of the product, follow the Autonics website.
Tighten the brackets screws with a torque of 0.98 N m.

Top / Bottom adjustable bracket (BK-SFL-TBA)

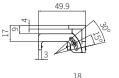


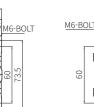


Top / Bottom bracket (BK-SFL-TBF)

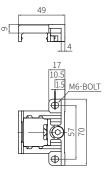


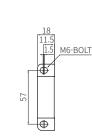
Side adjustable bracket (BK-SFL-SA)





Generative Generation (GK-SFL-SF)



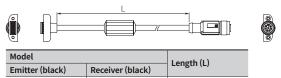


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Sold Separately: Connection Cable

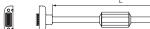
- Unit: mm, For the detailed dimensions of the product, follow the Autonics website.
- Tighten the connecting cable screws with a torque of 0.59 N m.

Power I/O cable (connector type)



SFL-BCT SFL-BCR 0.3 m

Power I/O cable (wire type)



Model	L	
Emitter (black)	Receiver (black)	Length (L)
SFL-C3T	SFL-C3R	3 m
SFL-C7T	SFL-C7R	7 m
SFL-C10T	SFL-C10R	10 m
SFL-C15T	SFL-C15R	15 m

Connector cable

Pin No.	Color	Emitter (black)	Receiver (black)
1	Blue	0 V	0 V
2	Orange	Reset hold input / Mute 1 input	EDM input
3	Yellow	RS485(B)	RS485(B)
4	Red	RS485(A)	RS485(A)
5	Pink	AUX 2 output / Mute 2 input	AUX 1 output
6	Black	External test input	OSSD 1 output
7	White	Reset input	OSSD 2 output
8	Brown	+24 VDC==	+24 VDC==

• Socket type

0		L/	
Mode	ι	Length (L)	
Emitter (black) Receiver (black)			Length (L)

CID8-3T	CID8-3R	3 m
CID8-5T	CID8-5R	5 m
CID8-7T	CID8-7R	7 m
CID8-10T	CID8-10R	10 m

Socket-plug type

Model

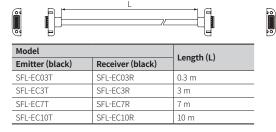


Pecciliar (black)

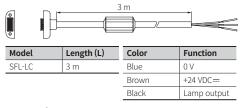
O

Emitter (black)	Receiver (black)	8(-)
C1D8-3T	C1D8-3R	3 m
C1D8-5T	C1D8-5R	5 m
C1D8-7T	C1D8-7R	7 m
C1D8-10T	C1D8-10R	10 m
C1D8-15T	C1D8-15R	15 m
C1D8-20T	C1D8-20R	20 m

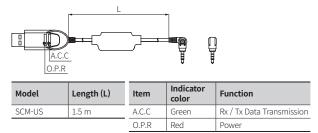
Series connection cable



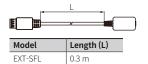
Lamp output cable



USB / Serial communication converter

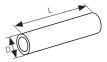


SFL / SFLA dedicated converter cable



Test piece

• The test piece is a black opaque object.



Model	Diameter (D)	Length (L)
SFL-T14	Ø 14 mm	
SFL-T20	Ø 20 mm	200 mm
SFL-T30	Ø 30 mm	

Sold Separately: LOTO (Lockout-Tagout) Device

- Unit: mm, For the detailed dimensions of the product, follow the Autonics website.
- The optical axis is forcibly blocked to maintain the interlock condition to prevent the equipment from restarting.
- For using the safety related functions (muting, blanking, reduced resolution) that disable detection, thoroughly analyze the potential for hazards and install this device.
- For more information, see the "SFL/SFLA User Manual."

